Autumn 1 – Understanding Technology – Computer Systems and Networks – Connecting Computers		
Knowledge I know	Skills I can	Links back to I remember
 Digital devices must have an input, a process and an output. Digital devices accept inputs and produce outputs. The difference between an input and output device and can name examples. How digital devices can change the way we work. A computer network is a group of computing devices that exchange data and resources with each other. 	 Follow a process. Classify input and output devices. Describe a simple process. Design a digital device. Explain how I use digital devices for different activities. Recognise similarities between using digital devand non digital tools. Suggest difference between using digital device non digital tools. Recognise different connections. Explain how messages are passed through mulconnections. Discuss why we need a network switch. Explain the role of network devices such as a siserver and a wireless access point. Identify how devices in a network are connected together. Identify devices around me and the benefits of computer networks. 	 That photos can be taken on a range of technological devices. Common uses of technological devices in and beyond school. You have choices when taking photos. (eg to take a landscape or portrait photo) How a photo can be improved. How to find out the best lighting levels for producing good quality photographs. Photos can be changed and that not all images are real. Using an iPad to take a photo. Composing and capturing good photos. Making suggestions on how to improve my photo. Using tools to change an image. Saying what the best lighting source is for a photo I
Vocabulary: Images:		
Computer network: a group of connected computing devices. Input device: putting data into a computer system. Output device: takes the data from a device and converts it so humans can experience it. Connection: linking and joining devices. Digital device: computer or a device with a computer inside that has been programmed for a specific task. Network socket: a socket allowing network. Switch: a device that enables multiple devices on a network to be connected together. Server: a computer that manages the network and stores files. Wireless access point: a device connected to a wider network which sends and receives wireless signals for devices with WIFI connectivity.		Depart Control of the